## Pun U Association Wah Yan Primary School 2023-2024 English Writing Skills

## **Learning Objectives for Key Stage 1 – Primary 1-3**

## **Primary**

Testing Objectives / Points	Examples		Assessment			
	-	FA				
Content: write texts to convey simple information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics						
W1.1 complete formulaic expressions in greeting cards and						
birthday cards						
W1.2 write brief descriptions of objects, people, places or events						
W1.3 write simple signs and rules						
W1.4 give a brief ending to simple stories or write simple stories						
W1.5 provide personal ideas and information						
Language and Style						
W2.1 use neat and legible handwriting		penmanship				
W2.2 use basic sentence punctuation and capitalization	e.g!,?"					
W2.3 use simple present, present continuous tenses						
W2.4 use modals for communicative functions						
W2.5 use a range of formulaic expressions, simple vocabulary on						
familiar topics with accuracy in spelling and word collocations						
*W2.6 show an awareness of using some stylistic features (e.g.						
use dialogues in stories to create interest) to support the purpose						
of text (High order)						
Organisation						
W3.1 arrange ideas in a text using simple means (e.g. sequencing						
events chronologically) to show a generally clear focus						
W3.2 establish links using some simple cohesive devices (e.g.	I have a school bag. It is blue.					

Testing Objectives / Points	Examples	Assessment			
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simple connectives, pronouns)					
W3.3 use appropriate formats and conventions of short written	e.g. P2 - notes, personal letters, signs				
texts.	P3 – diaries, recounts, poetry				
Generic Skills					
*Problem Solving (High order)					
PS1.1 develop ideas about the problem and identify sources of	e.g. P1 - choose an appropriate present				
information and help	for a classmate.				
	P2 – choose food items and prices for a				
	menu.				
	P3 – develop ways to clean up the sea.				
PS1.2 identify, under guidance, different ways of tackling the	e.g. P2 - preparing a duty roster for a				
problem	class picnic.				
	P3 – developing a new invention to				
	clean up the environment.				
PS1. 3 choose and implement a solution plan, using support and	e.g. P2 – students develop a way of				
advice given	sharing the basketball court so that				
	everyone can participate equally.				
	P3 – students propose a school				
	recycling programme for paper and				
	plastic waste.				
PS1.4 follow the given step-by-step methods to check and	e.g. students make a solar powered				
describe the outcomes	calculator after being given the				
	components and instructions.				
*Critical Thinking					
CT1.1 extract, classify and organize information from a source	e.g. P2 – students find the names of				
	festivals and the countries that celebrate				
	them from a book.				
	P3 – students find different machines				
	that generate electricity and classify				
	them by type. (solar, geothermal, etc.)				
CT1.2 identify and express main ideas, problems or central	e.g. P1 - Read a conversation about				
issues	what children are doing at recess in the				
	playground and express opinions				
	towards their behaviour. P2 – Read a				

<b>Testing Objectives / Points</b>	Examples	Assessment		
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	story about a restaurant and suggest new			
	foods to be provided.			
	P3 – Read a story about pollution and			
	identify the main causes of different			
	forms of pollution.			
CT1.3 understand straightforward cause-and-effect relationships	e.g. P1 – Billy is impolite to a teacher			
	and is punished.			
	P2 – A plant is put in a dark box and			
	dies.			
	P3 – Trees are cut down in the Amazon			
	leading to animal extinction.			
CT1.4 distinguish between obvious fact and opinion	e.g. P1 – The ball is blue. vs. I think the			
	ball is red.			
	P2 – That man is a policeman. Vs. That			
	man looks like a policeman. P3 –			
	Taking short showers instead of long			
	baths saves water. vs. I think that			
	washing clothes uses a lot of water.			
CT1.5 formulate questions, make predictions / estimations and	e.g. P1 – Will Billy be happy or sad?			
hypotheses	P2 – What happens to worms in the			
	ground when it rains?			
	P3 – What will happen when the landfill			
	is full?			
CT1.6 draw simple but logical conclusions not contradictory to	e.g. P1 – If the wet towel stays in the			
given evidence and data	sun, it will dry.			
	P2 – If the boy continues to lie to his			
	friends, he won't have many friends.			
	P3 – If we dump rubbish in the sea, the			
	pink dolphins will leave.			